



# Virus WAtch

Week ending 5<sup>th</sup> June 2022

## Key Points

Please note that the influenza and ILI surveillance systems in Western Australia (WA) have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. Therefore, respiratory viral activity should be interpreted with caution and take into account the effects of changes in health seeking behaviour including accessing alternate health services such as telehealth, focused testing for COVID-19 at COVID-19 clinics or specific acute respiratory infection clinics, increased testing for other respiratory viruses and the impact of international border closures.

## Influenza and influenza-like illnesses (ILI)

- Indicators of influenza activity continued to increase in the past week.
- ILI presentations at EDs increased in the past week while presentations at sentinel GPs decreased.
- The number of influenza cases reported to the Department of Health increased to 264 cases in the past week.
- Non-influenza virus detections at PathWest decreased in the past week, with the exception of SARS-CoV-2.

## Gastroenteritis

- Gastroenteritis presentations to sentinel GPs increased in the past week, while presentations to EDs decreased.
- Notifications for rotavirus decreased in the past week while detections of norovirus at PathWest remained stable.

## Other vaccine-preventable diseases

- **Chickenpox and shingles:** Chickenpox presentations to EDs and GPs were below baseline levels in the past week. Shingles presentations at sentinel GPs increased in the past week, while presentations to EDs remained below baseline levels.
- **Measles:** No measles cases were notified in the past week.
- **Mumps:** No mumps cases were notified in the past week.
- **Rubella:** No rubella cases were notified in the past week.
- **Invasive meningococcal disease (IMD):** One IMD serogroup B case was notified in an adult in the past week.

## Other diseases

**Coronavirus COVID-19:** As of 5<sup>th</sup> June 2022, WA has recorded 770,965 COVID-19 cases. See [webpage](#) for further information.

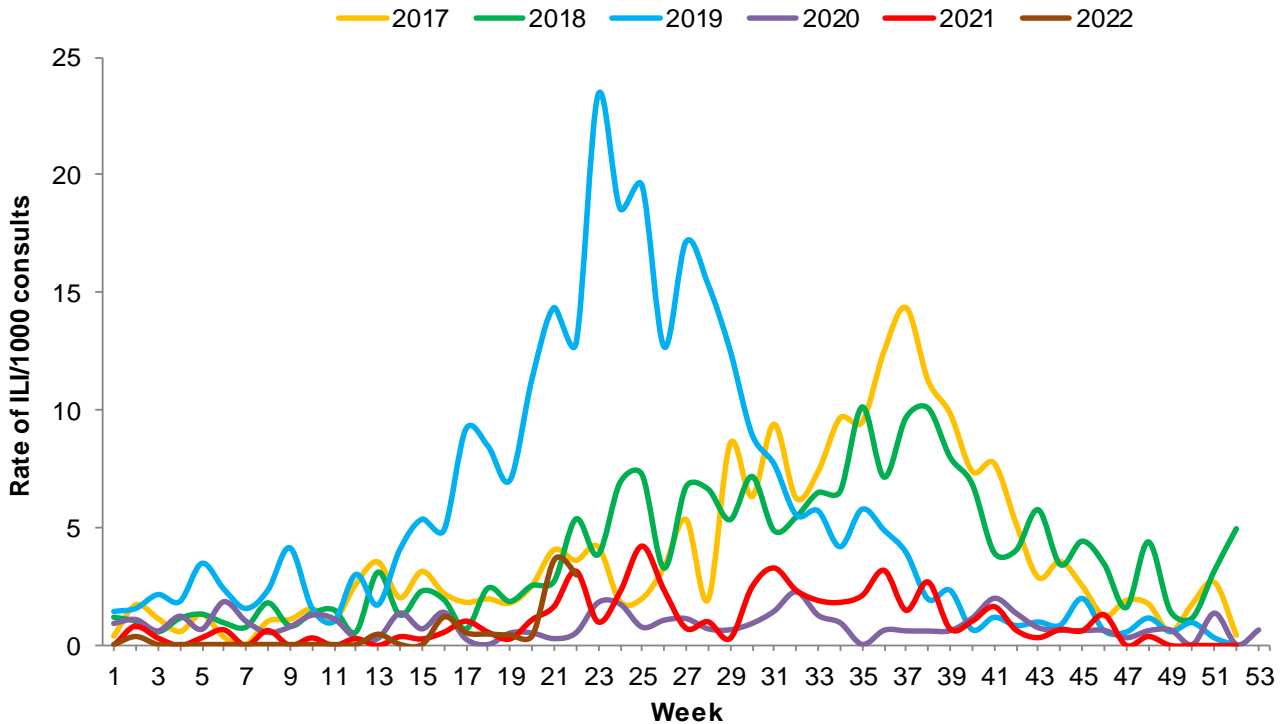
*Virus WAtch is a weekly electronic publication by the Communicable Disease Control Directorate (CDCD) and key collaborators. It provides a brief summary of General Practice and Hospital Emergency Department sentinel surveillance data on influenza-like illness, gastroenteritis and varicella-zoster disease, together with relevant laboratory information, to alert health care workers in WA to important circulating viruses. All figures and data were accurate at time of publication, but subject to change. The data collections used to create this publication include:*

- Sentinel General Practice (GP) data collected by WA members of the Australian Sentinel Practices Research Network (ASPREN)
- Emergency Department (ED) data provided by the Emergency Department Information System (EDIS), which currently incorporates data from the following hospitals: Fiona Stanley Hospital, Sir Charles Gardiner Hospital, Royal Perth Hospital, Perth Children's Hospital, King Edward Memorial Hospital, St John of God Midland, Bunbury Hospital, Armadale Hospital, Joondalup Health Campus, and Rockingham General Hospital.
- Notification data derived from disease notifications (Western Australian Notifiable Infectious Diseases Database [WANIDD]) received by CDCD, WA Department of Health from medical providers and public or private laboratories in WA. These data are updated routinely to include admission status for all public and public/private hospitals in WA and hospitalisation data are included in the report during the influenza season.
- Viral laboratory data obtained from PathWest laboratories at QEII Medical Centre, as well as via notification data sent by all WA laboratories to CDCD, WA Department of Health.
- As of 1 January 2022, the definition of a confirmed influenza case has changed to remove 'Single high titre by CFT or HAI to influenza virus' from the list of laboratory definitive evidence.
- As of March 2022, this report includes COVID-19 cases diagnosed by Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) test and Rapid Antigen Test (RAT)
- Current and archived issues of Virus Watch [http://ww2.health.wa.gov.au/Articles/F\\_1/Infectious-disease-data/Virus-WAtch](http://ww2.health.wa.gov.au/Articles/F_1/Infectious-disease-data/Virus-WAtch)

## Influenza and influenza-like illnesses (ILI)

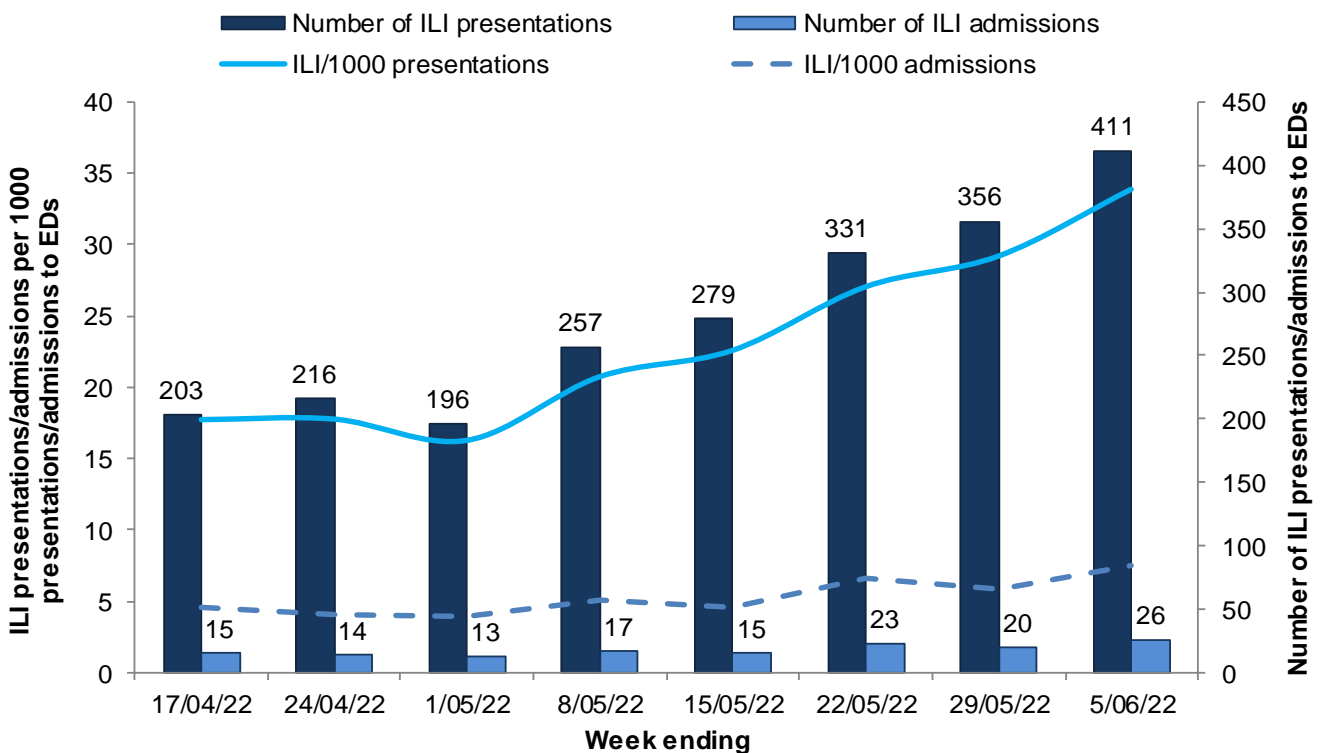
The rate of ILI presentations to sentinel GPs decreased in the past week but remained in the mid-range of values usually reported at this time of year (Figure 1).

**Figure 1. Rate of ILI per 1000 consultations at sentinel GPs (Australian Sentinel Practices Research Network) in WA by week, 2017 to 2022**



The number of ILI-related presentations and admissions to EDs increased in the past week (Figure 2).

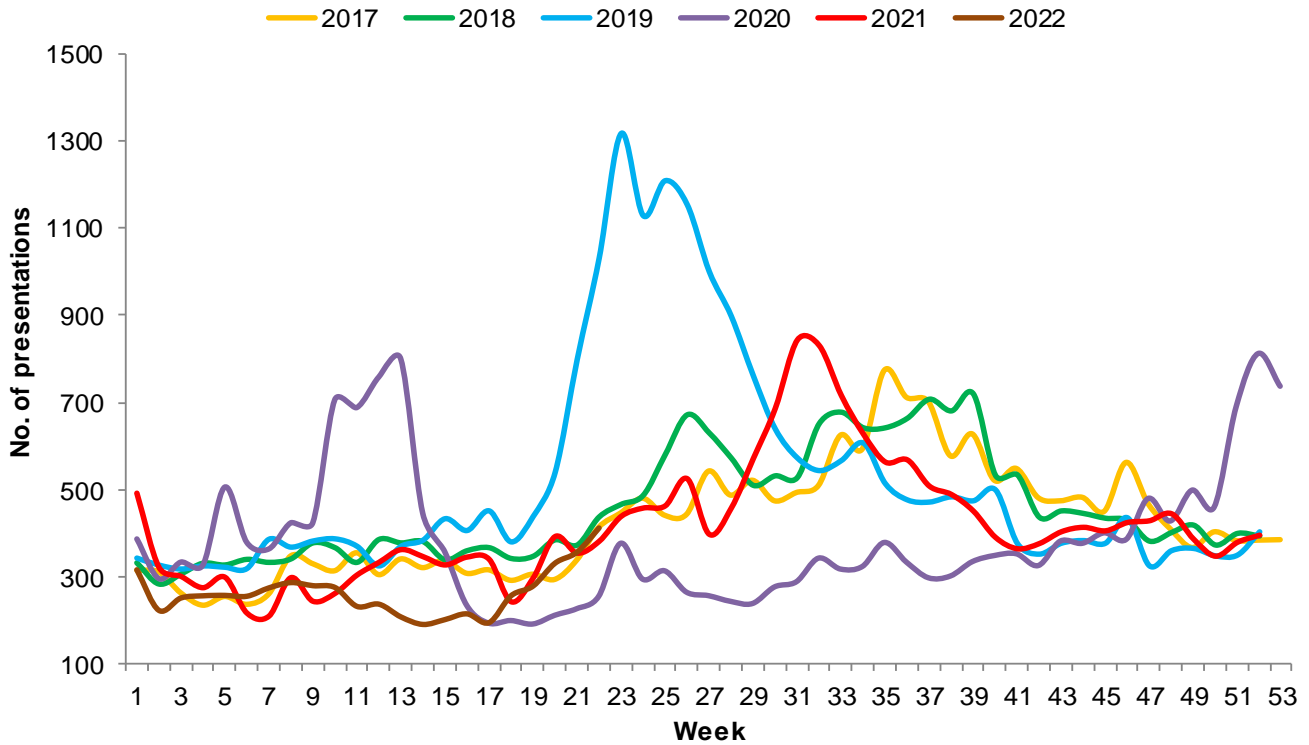
**Figure 2. Number and rate of ILI presentations/admissions to Emergency Departments in WA in the last eight weeks**



Note: This graph is a summary of current EDIS data using the ICD codes B34.9 and J06.9, which are consistent with a clinical presentation of a viral illness. This data may differ from that presented in the Winter Respiratory Illness Report provided by the Information and System Performance Directorate.

The number of ILI-related presentations to EDs increased in the past week but remained in the mid-range of values usually reported at this time of year (Figure 3).

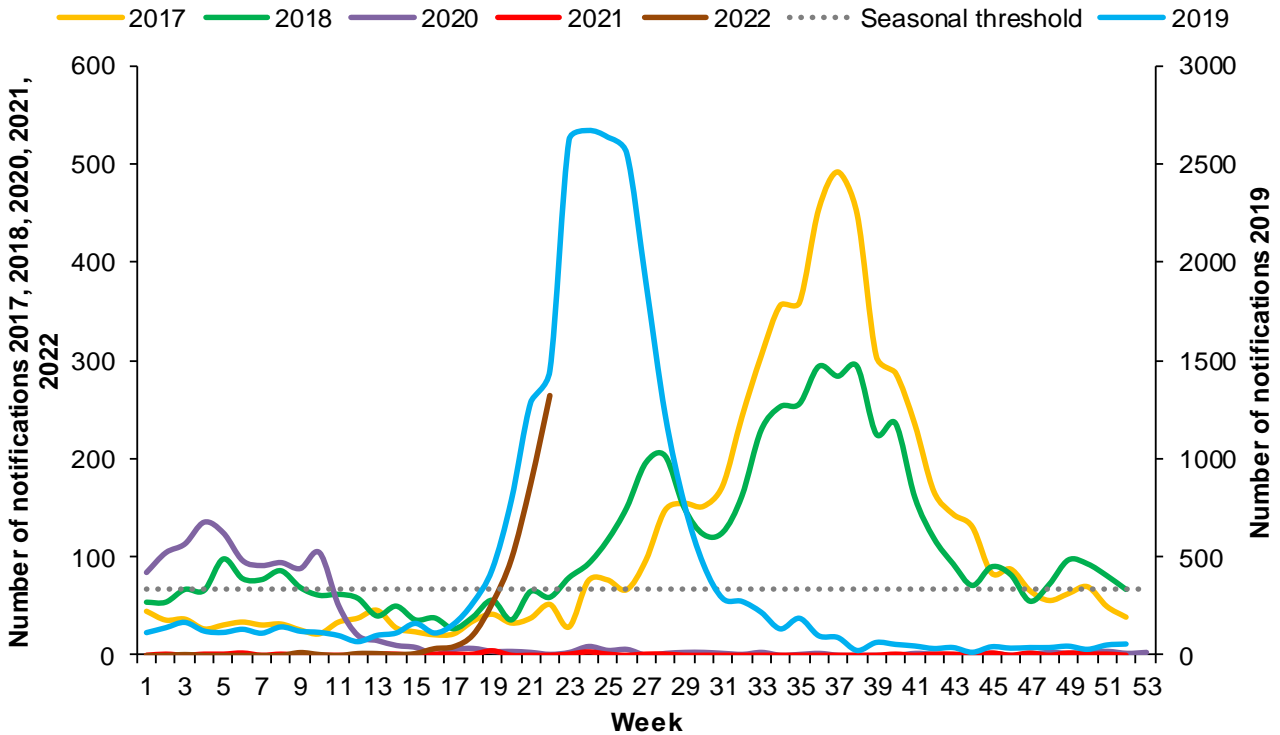
**Figure 3. Number of ILI presentations to Emergency Departments in WA by week, 2017 to 2022**



Note: This graph is a summary of current EDIS data using the ICD codes B34.9 and J06.9 which are consistent with a clinical presentation of a viral illness. This data may differ from that presented in the Winter Respiratory Illness Report provided by the Information and System Performance Directorate.

The number of influenza cases reported to the Department of Health increased to 264 cases in the past week and remained above the seasonal threshold (Figure 4).

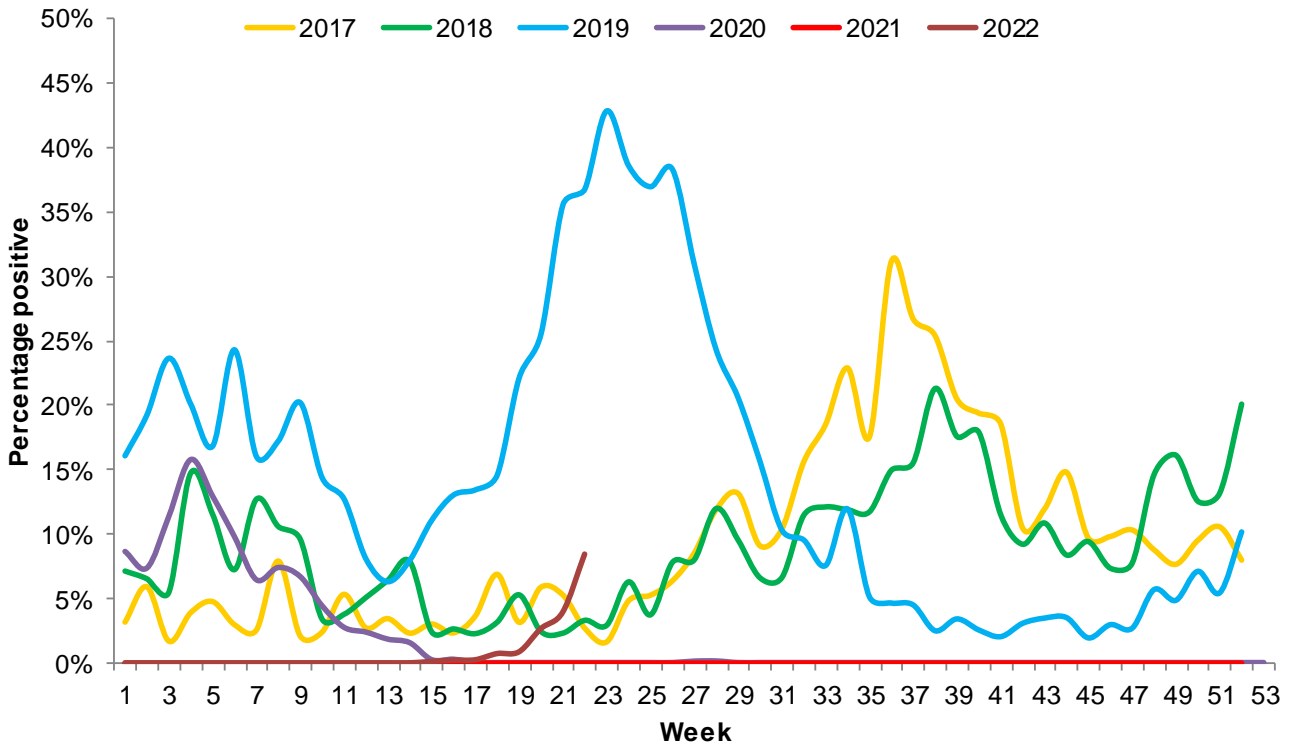
**Figure 4. Number of influenza notifications in WA by week, 2017 to 2022**



Note: As of 1 January 2022, the definition of a confirmed influenza case has changed to remove 'Single high titre by CFT or HAI to influenza virus' from the list of laboratory definitive evidence. This graph is a summary of all influenza notifications, by week of onset, received by the DoH, WA (through WANIDD) to the end of the current reporting week. The seasonal threshold defines a value above which may indicate epidemic seasonal influenza activity. The threshold value is calculated based on analysis of seasonal influenza data from the past four years. It cannot be used to interpret data from 2019 in this graph.

Of the 1,086 specimens submitted for influenza PCR testing at PathWest in the past week, 92 tested positive (Figure 5).

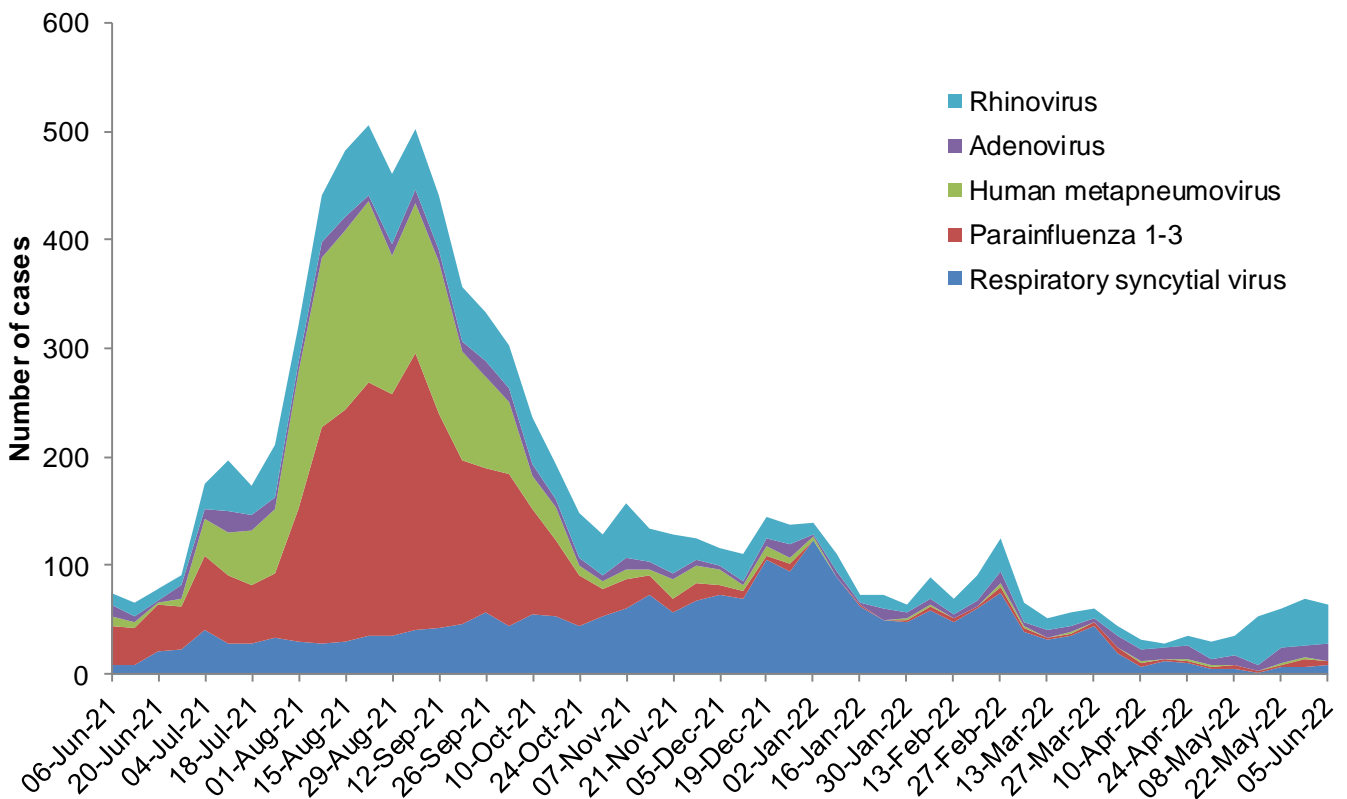
**Figure 5. Proportion of influenza PCR specimens positive for influenza at PathWest by week, 2017 to 2022**



Note: This graph is a summary of all WA samples reported by PathWest, excluding samples referred by other private laboratories for influenza subtyping.

Non-influenza virus detections at PathWest decreased in the past week (Figure 6).

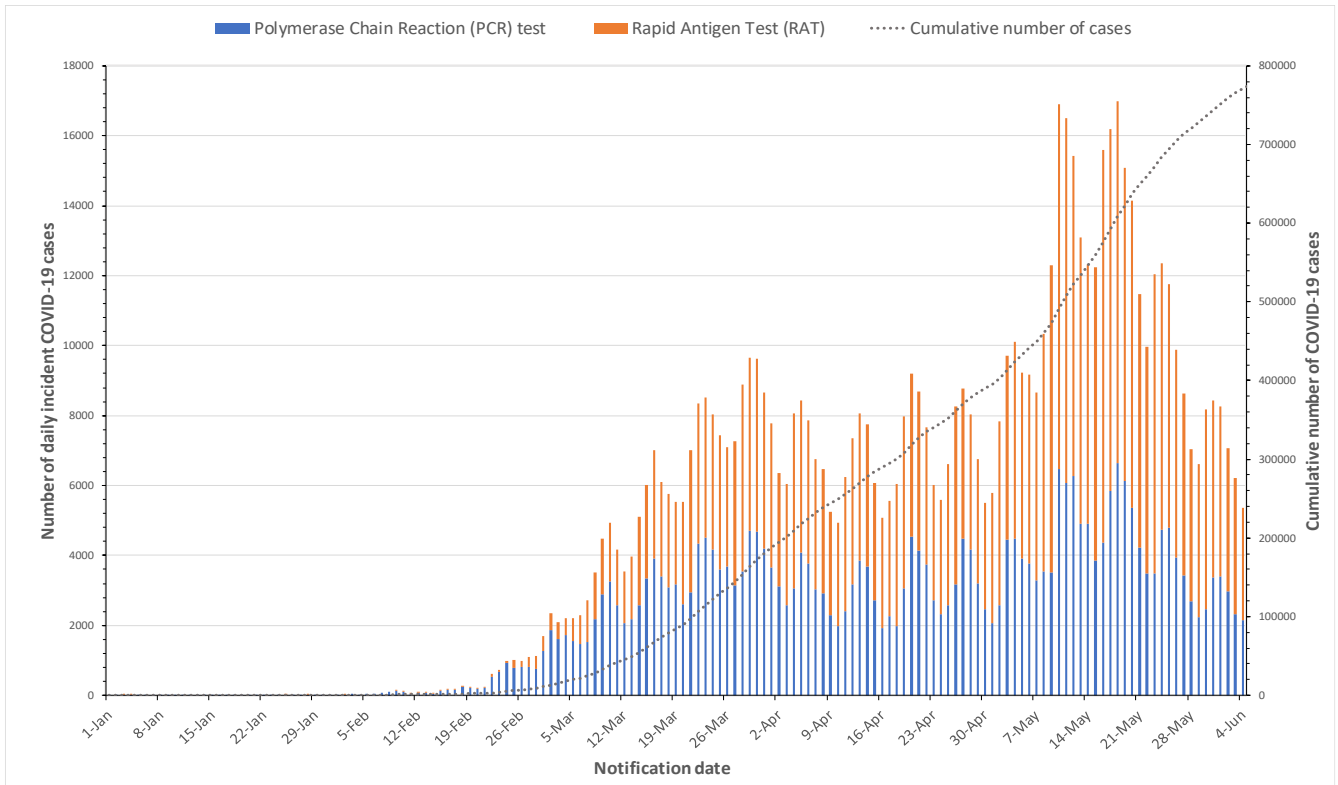
**Figure 6. Number of non-influenza respiratory virus detections at PathWest by week, 2021 to 2022**



Note: This graph is a summary of all WA samples positive for a common respiratory virus other than influenza reported by PathWest.

In the past week, there were 48,309 COVID-19 cases reported in WA, which was 29% lower than the previous week. Of these, 38% were diagnosed by PCR test and 62% were diagnosed by rapid antigen test (Figure 7).

**Figure 7. Number of COVID-19 cases in WA by test type and notification date, 2022**

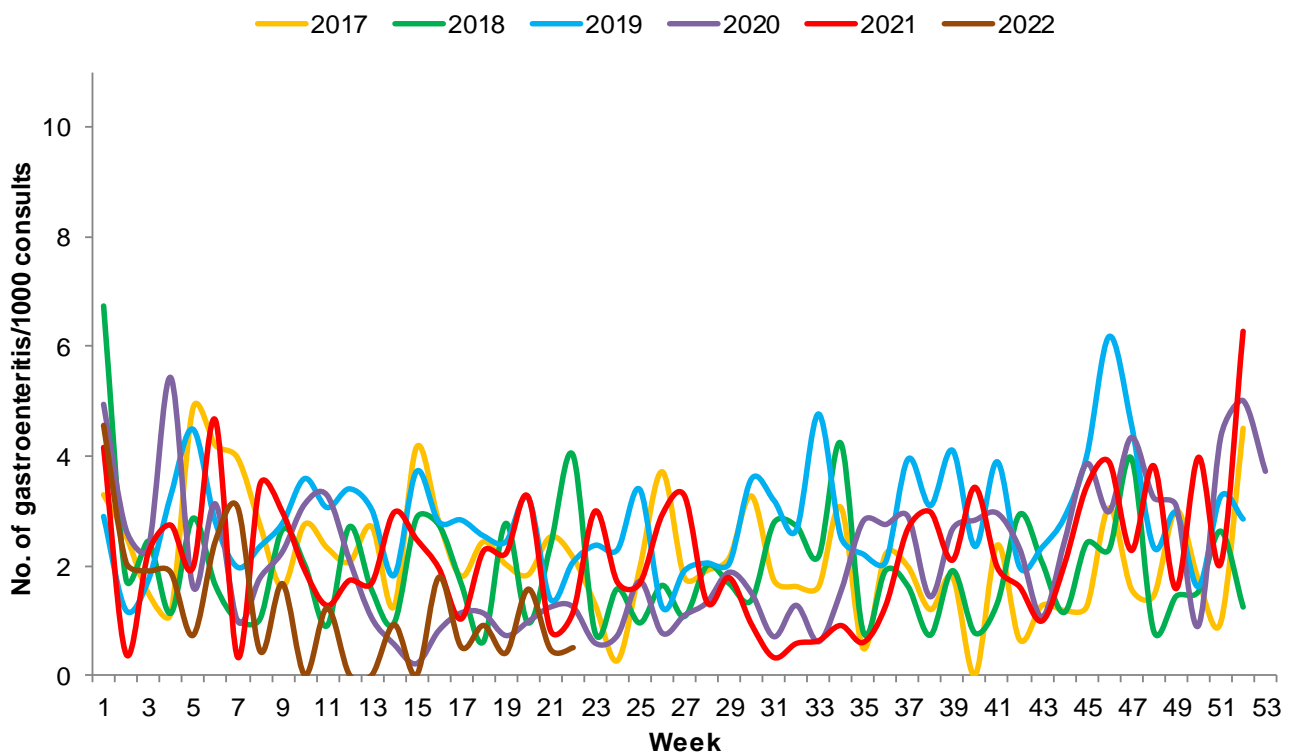


Note: Data sourced from Public Health Operations COVID-19 Unified System (PHOCUS); Notification date is to the 8pm reporting period

## Gastroenteritis

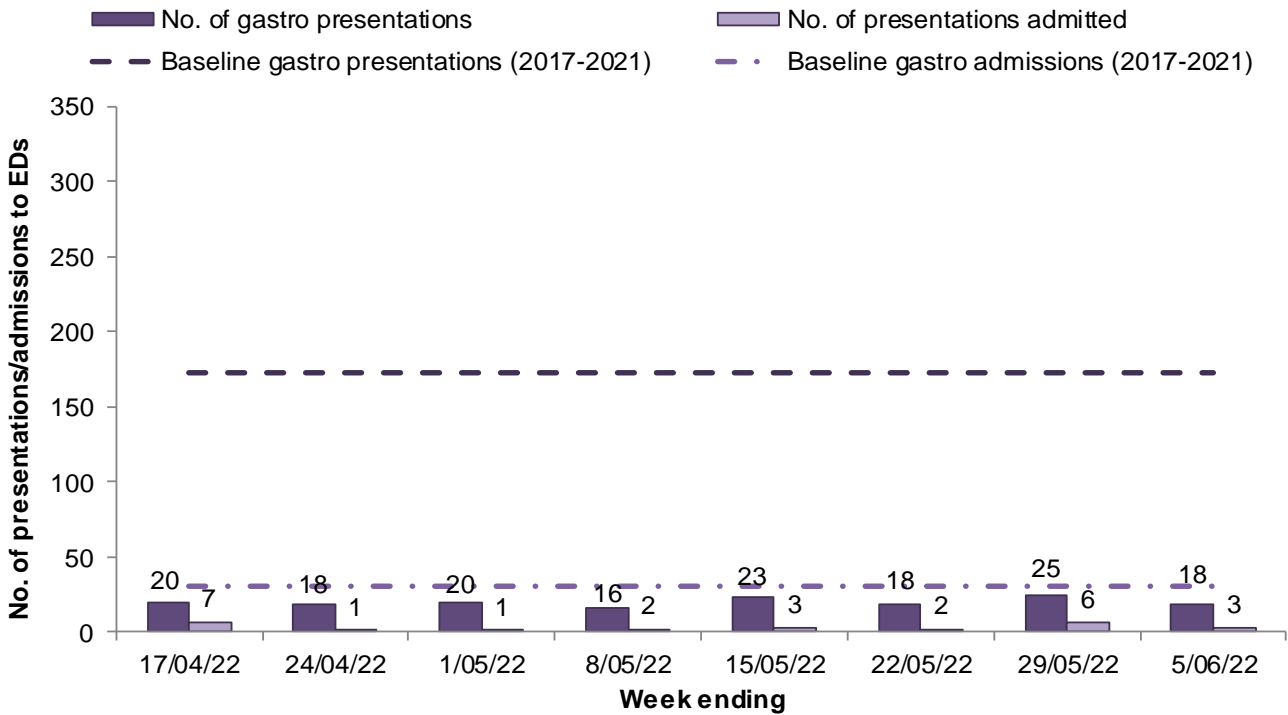
The rate of gastroenteritis presentations to sentinel GPs increased slightly in the past week but remained in the low-range of values usually reported at this time of year (Figure 8).

**Figure 8. Number of gastroenteritis presentations per 1000 consultations at sentinel GPs (Australian Sentinel Practices Research Network) in WA by week, 2017 to 2022**



Gastroenteritis presentations and admissions to EDs decreased in the past week and remained below baseline levels (Figure 9).

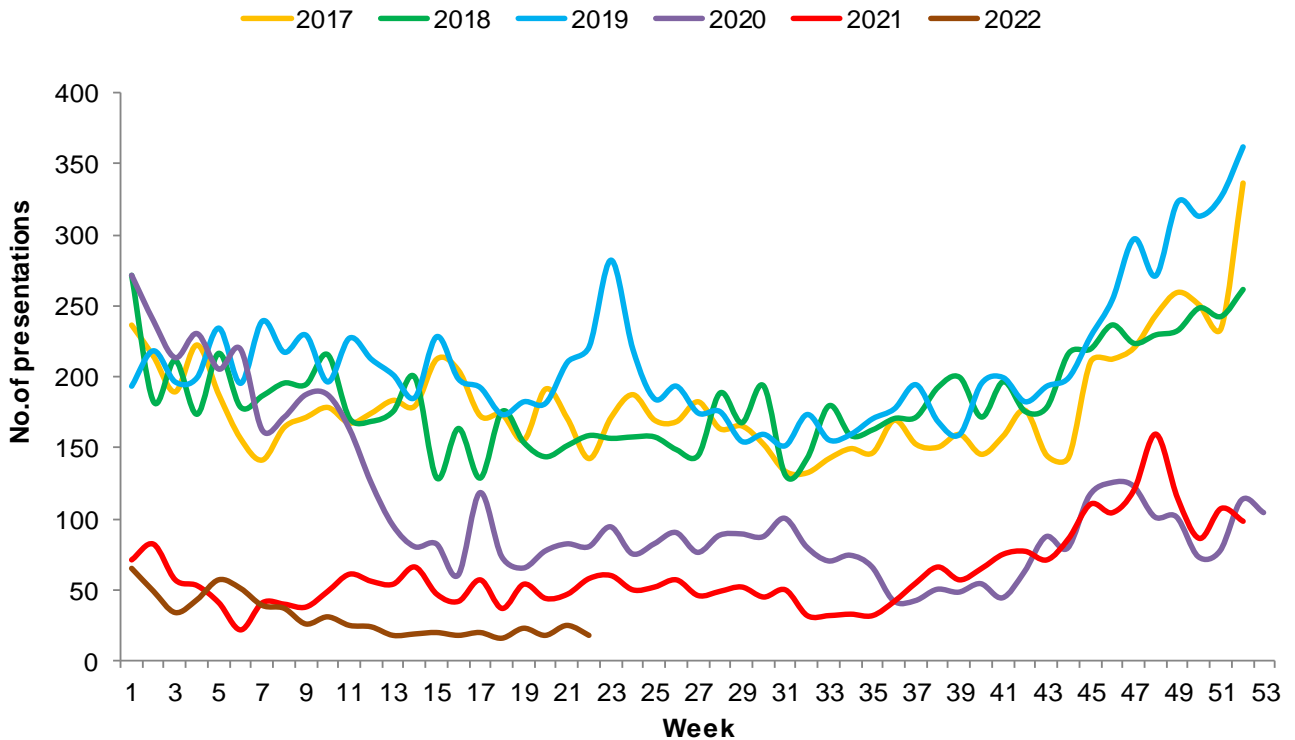
**Figure 9. Number of gastroenteritis presentations and admissions to Emergency Departments in WA in the last eight weeks**



\*This graph is a summary of current EDIS data for gastroenteritis presentations and admissions. Baseline levels for gastroenteritis presentations and admissions were calculated using the mean of weekly EDIS data from week 1, 2017 to week 52, 2021.

The number of gastroenteritis presentations at EDs decreased in the past week and remained well below the range of values usually reported at this time of year (Figure 10).

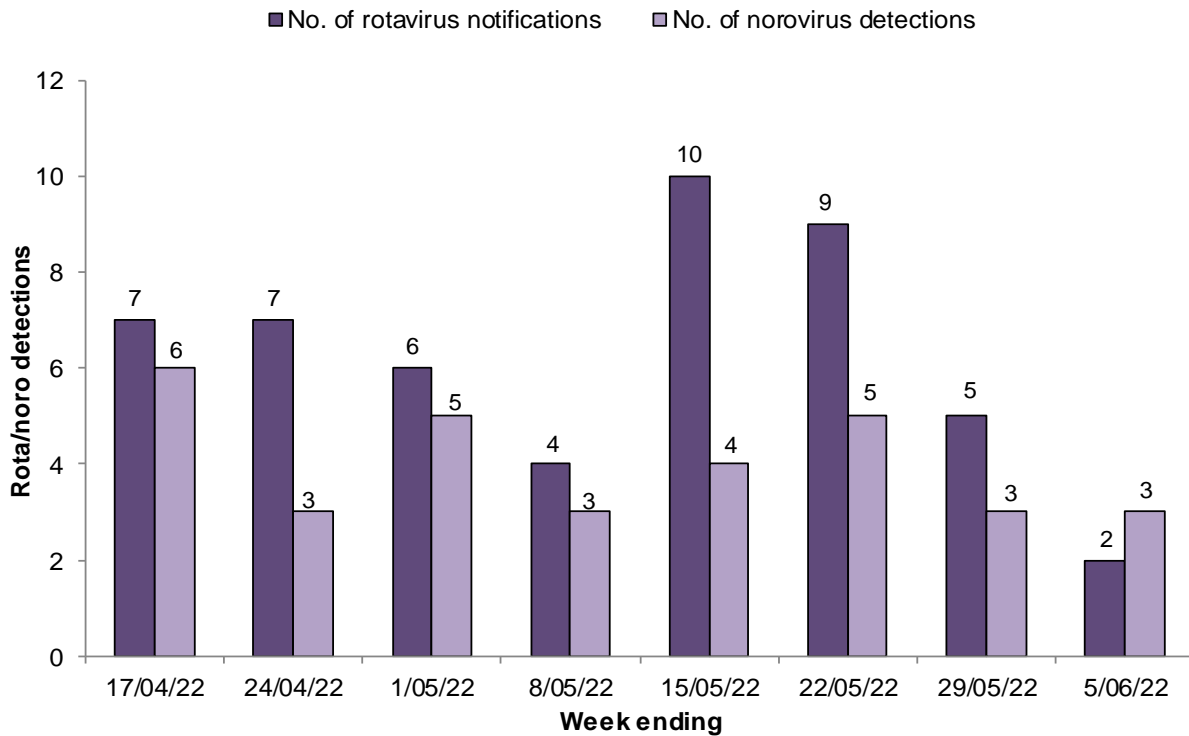
**Figure 10. Number of gastroenteritis presentations to Emergency Departments in WA by week, 2017 to 2022**



\*This graph is a summary of current EDIS data for gastroenteritis presentations

Rotavirus notifications to the Department of Health decreased in the past week while norovirus detections at PathWest remained stable (Figure 11).

**Figure 11. Number of rotavirus notifications to the Department of Health and norovirus detections at PathWest in WA in the last eight weeks**

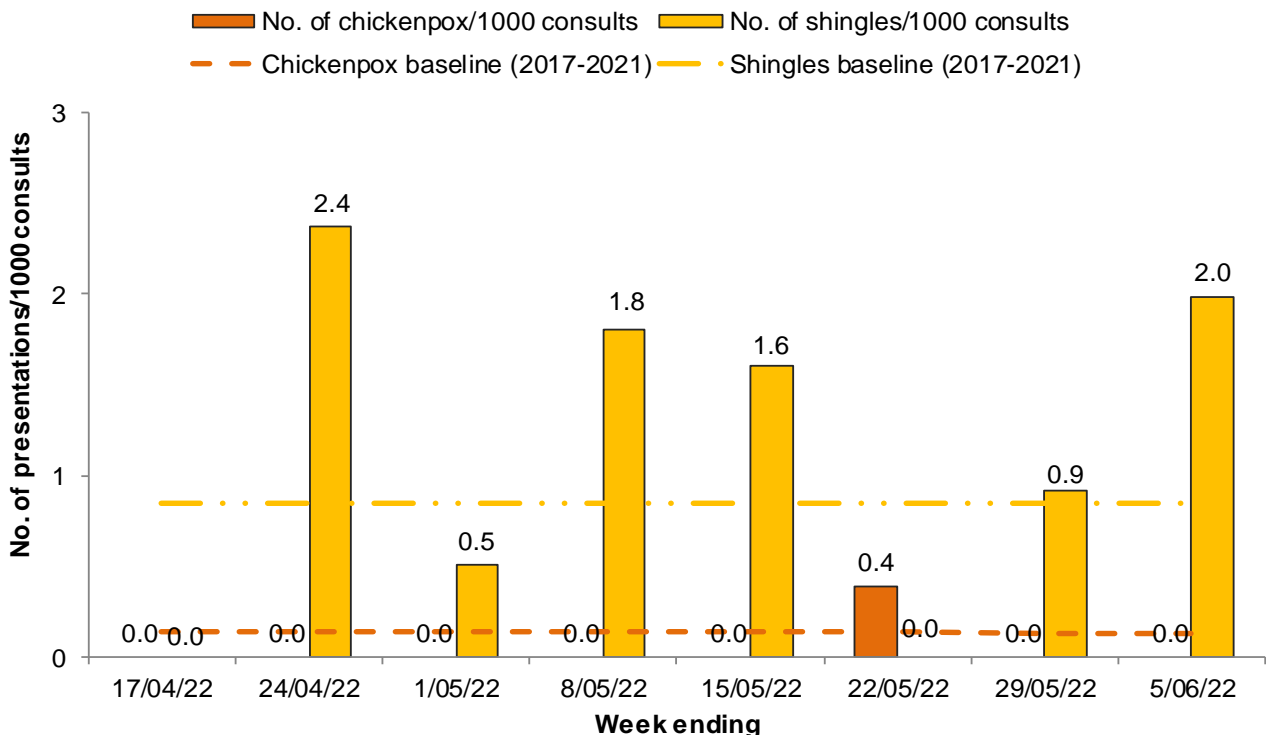


Note: Rotavirus notifications reported to the Department of Health include detections from all WA pathology laboratories. Norovirus detections are from PathWest only.

## Viral rashes

The rate of shingles presentations to sentinel GPs increased and remained above the baseline level in the past week and there were no chickenpox presentations (Figure 12).

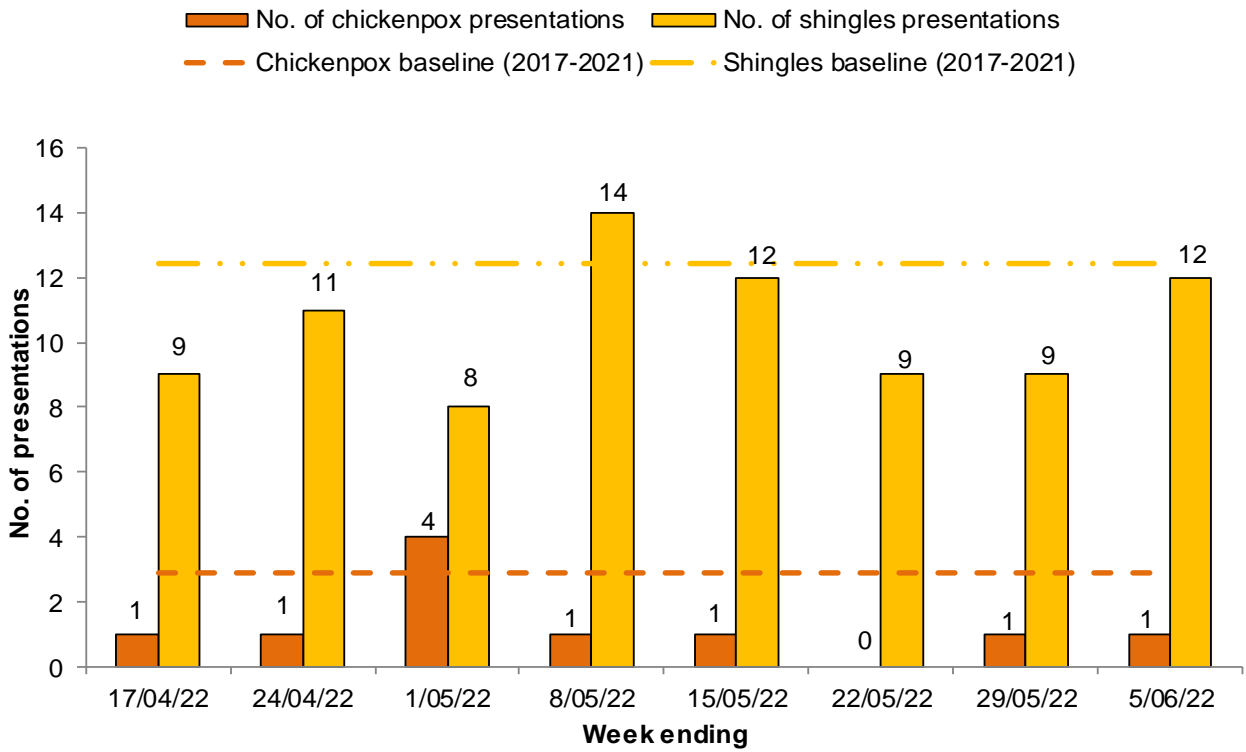
**Figure 12. Number of varicella-zoster presentations per 1000 consultations at sentinel GPs (Australian Sentinel Practices Research Network) in WA in the last eight weeks**



Note: Baseline levels for chickenpox and shingles presentations to WA ASPREN GPs per thousand consultations were calculated using the mean of weekly WA ASPREN data from week 1, 2017 to week 52, 2021.

The number of chickenpox and shingles presentations to EDs remained below baseline levels in the past week (Figure 13).

**Figure 13. Number of varicella-zoster presentations to Emergency Departments in WA in the last eight weeks**



Note: Baseline levels for varicella-zoster virus presentations to Emergency Departments in WA were calculated using the mean of weekly EDIS data from week 1, 2017 to week 52, 2021.

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